

27 for delivery to the primary server 22A. It will be understood that the CDROM drive 24 and the high-density drive 26 can be a single device, and further that the processed data can be transmitted to the primary server 22A over the network 18 instead of being delivered on the high-density disks. A suitable primary server 22A can be implemented with the server computer 22 running WINDOWS NT 4.0, MICROSOFT INTERNET INFORMATION server 4.0, MICROSOFT INDEX server, MICROSOFT SITE-SERVER EXPRESS, MICROSOFT ACTIVE SERVER PAGES, MICROSOFT SQL SERVER 6.5, and MICROSOFT TRANSACTION SERVER that are commercially available programs of Microsoft Corp. of Redmond, WA, the uppercase terms being believed to be respective trademarks of Microsoft. According to the present invention, the server 22A is further programmed for authorizing and tracking client access as described below in connection with a subscriber and client database that can be implemented in the above-identified SQL Server program.--

At page 7, delete the paragraph beginning on line 21 and insert:

--As shown in Figure 2, a document conversion process 50 is operable when the source disk 25 is mounted in the CD drive 24. The process includes a conventional decompress step 52 wherein compressed file archives of the provider 13 on the disk 25 are decompressed and each of the resulting files is copied as ASCII text in a suitable hard disk memory working directory 53 of the primary computer 12. Next, a suitable word processor program is entered in a start word process step 54 and a conversion macro 56 is invoked for processing the source text as described herein. Suitable word processor programs include MICROSOFT WORD 7.0 and MAC WORD, as appropriate for suitable IBM-compatible and MCINTOSH implementations of the primary computer 12, each program being available from Microsoft Corp., MCINTOSH being

~~At page 13, delete the paragraph beginning on line 7 and insert:~~

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